

465-425 BC

Chronologists

Artaxerxes I Longarmen  
King of Persia.

C465BC

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ARTAXERXES was 3rd son of  
XERXES & his successor to the  
throne (Cir. 465 BC)

465BC

1912Dates' J-BK

(? - 429BC) PERICLES

The greatest statesman of Ancient Greece (? - 429BC). His father

Xanthippus conquered the Persians at MYCALE in 479 BC. Pericles championed the democratic party of Athens and made it supreme during what is known as the "Age of Pericles" (465-429 BC), the most brilliant epoch in Athenian history, not only in its political power, its trade and commerce, but in art and literature. He

was the foremost orator, statesman, and general  
of his time. He introduced many reforms,  
carried Athens safely through several wars, formed  
the Confederacy of Delos. Restored the buildings of  
Athens destroyed by the Persians, made Athens the  
most beautiful city in the world, and erected  
the Parthenon. After the defeat of the Peloponnesian  
war and the outbreak of a plague, the fame  
of Pericles waned. He was deposed from  
office, fined & imprisoned, though restored  
he died soon after from a lingering disease.

465-439 BC

1912 Dates J-BK

Phidias supervised the  
construction of the Parthenon  
built during the reign of  
Pericles (465-439 BC)

Its architects were IC TINUS  
and CALLICRATES

In the eastern end of the temple  
stood the colossal ivory and  
gold statue of Athena by Phidias

It was 99 ft high.

465 BC.

Persia: Aeschim ✓  
Antaxerxes I.

465BC

Xerxes I assassinated, Succeeded  
by his son Artaxerxes I (to 424BC)



465-424BC

Darius I

Darius I was king  
of Persia (and the Jews  
in Jerusalem)

465-424 BC

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ARTAXERXES I was  
king of Persia

465 BC

Earthquake at Sparta

465/4 - 461/460 BC

Helots' revolt against Spartans  
in Messenia

465BC

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Battle of EURYMEDON

465-424 BC

1912 Dates. J-BK

ARTAXERXES I., LONG, MANUS  
king of Persia.

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Age of Pencils

465BC

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XERXES was assassinated.

ARTAXERXES I became king.



465-424 BC

1912 Dates J-BK

SUSA

The great Palace built by Darius  
Hystaspes (521-485 BC) was  
destroyed by fire during the  
reign of ARTAXERXES LONGIMANUS  
(465-424 BC)

465-424BC

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Reign of Artaxerxes I in Persia

Aug 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 465 BC

The dates of Xerxes murder  
by his son is 465 BC by calculating  
the dates the two eclipses  
stated to have occurred in  
the same year Xerxes died

The first happened when moon  
was in constellation SAGITTARIUS  
while the 2nd took place on the 14th  
day of the 8th lunar month

the dates deduced from the 2 eclipses  
are June 5 and Nov 30 of 465 BC  
mention of an intercalary 6th month  
on the same tablet enables the  
date of death of Xerxes to be fixed  
at sometime between Aug 4 and 8  
in 465 BC

Aug. 6, 465 BC

Nat. History 1/87

Xerxes, Emperor of Persia, was  
murdered on or about Aug. 6,  
465 BC - either by his son  
or by members of his court  
in the Persian Capital of PERSEPOLIS

Calculation of 2 eclipses  
are June 5 465 BC and  
Nov. 30, 465 BC

5th lunar month began  
on July 22 in 465 BC

Hence he was murdered  
sometime between Aug. 4 & 8

Aug 6, 465 BC

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Xerxes, emperor of Persia  
was murdered on or about  
Aug. 6, 465 BC

465-424 BC (reigned)

ARTAXERXES I King of Persia  
called by the Greeks MACROCHEIR  
(Longhand; in Latin, Longimanus)  
was an ACHAE MENID King of Persia  
who ruled 465-424 BC. He came to  
the throne after the assassination of his  
father XERXES I, and his elder brother  
Darius.



He died peacefully and was  
buried at NAQSH-E RUSTAM